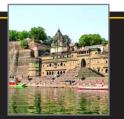
THE TIMES OF INDIA

Gear up for exams by attempting sample paper on Matter and Mechanics set by Ahmedabad teacher



Take a tour of the town of Maheshwar, rich in flora and fauna, and also in heritage, through a traveller's lens



Local favourites Murray, Raducanu advance at Wimbledon



WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29, 2022







RELICS OF BUDDHA RETURN TO INDIA

he four holy relics of Lord Buddha came back to India after being displayed for 12 days at the Batsagaan Temple within the premises of Gandan Monastery, Mongolia as part of celebrations of Mongolian Buddh Purnima, the culture ministry said in a statement on Monday. The relics are known as the 'Kapilvastu Relics' since they are from a site in Bihar, first discovered in 1898, which is believed to be the ancient city of Kapilvastu.

INTERNATIONAL DAY OF TROPICS

The International Day of the Tropics celebrates the extraordinary diversity of the tropics while highlighting unique challenges and opportunities nations of the tropics face. It provides an opportunity to take stock of progress across the tropics, to share tropical stories and expertise and to acknowledge the diversity and potential of the region.



DID YOU KNOW?

The Tropics are warm all year, averaging 25 to 28 degrees Celsius. This is so because it gets more exposure to the sun. It is also moist.

The Tropics host nearly 95% of the world's mangrove forests by area and 99% of mangrove species.

The Tropics have just over half of the world's renewable water resources (54%), yet almost half their population is considered vulnerable to water stress.

Biodiversity is greater in the Tropics - however, loss of biodiversity is also greater in the Tropics than in the rest of the world.





'SELFISHNESS DELAYING GLOBAL OCEANS DEAL'

ome countries won't accept that the world's oceans belong to everyone and their "egoism" is holding up a global agreement on protecting these vast tracts of the planet, the United Nations chief said. **UN Secretary-General Antonio Guterres** didn't say which countries he was referring to, but stressed the significance of the oceans to everyone on the planet. "International waters are ours," he said. The UN chief was with senior officials and scientists attending the UN Ocean Conference in Lisbon.

CLICK HERE: PAGE 1 AND 2

Emperor Jahangir had minted two 12 kg gold coins; while one was presented to Yadgar Ali, ambassador of the Shah of Iran, the other had become property of the Nizams of Hyderabad

Hunt on for world's biggest gold coin

Did you know

that the ear-

liest coins, which

were in use for

about 500 years

were punch-marked

coins. Punch-marked coins were

times square or round in shape,

either cut out of metal sheets

or made out of flattened metal

The coins were not inscribed, but were

stamped with symbols using

dies or punches. Hence, they

are called punch-marked coins.

These coins are found over

generally rectangular, some-

search for the missing "12 kg gold coin", touted as the world's biggest coin ever minted, the Centre has renewed its

hunt for the priceless artefact. It was last seen in the possession of the titular Nizam VIII of Hyderabad, Mukarram Jah, who purportedly tried to auction the coin at a Swiss bank, but India's CBI failed to locate the coin that was passed on to Jah through his grandfather and last Nizam of Hyderabad, Mir Osman Ali Khan. The last Nizam had inherited the coin minted by Emperor Jahangir. Eminent historian Salma Ahmed Farooqui said it is priceless and is Hyderabad's pride. Now, renewed efforts to

most parts of the subcontilocate the coin have begun after 35 nent and remained in circulation till the early centuries. LESSON



globules.

from Samudragupta era. Discuss in class what qualities of the king are shown on the coins.

Can livestock farming style affect pandemic risk?

pparently, yes. Scientists have thwarted the idea that intensive livestock farming is causing pandemics, and showed that it could actually reduce the risk of future pandemics compared to 'free range'

In the wake of Covid-19, modern industrial farms with tightlypacked livestock were projected as potential hothouses for further pandemics caused by "zoonotic" diseases: those transmitted from an-

imals to humans. On the contrary, free-range alternatives, which require far more land, would increase encroachment on natural habitats and create ever more potential for diseases carried by wild animals to come into

from the University of Cambridge, UK. "High-yield or 'intensive' livestock farming is blamed for pandemics, but those calling for a move away from intensive farming often fail to consider the counterfactual - the pandemic risk of farming less intensively and particularly the consequences for land use,'

contact with humans and jump the

species barrier, said a team of scientists

said lead author Harriet Bartlett. "Low-yield farms need far more land to produce the same amount of food compared with high-yield farms. A widespread switch to low-yield farming would result in the destruction and dis turbance of vast areas of natural habitats. This increases the risk of viral spillover by disturbing wildlife that may well host the next pandemic virus and increasing contact between wildlife, people and livestock," Bartlett said.

"Intensive farms may have a greater risk of takeoff, but extensive farms may have greater risk of spillover," he said, adding, "This could increase the contact between people, livestock and stressed wildlife - including wildlife that might well host the next pandemic

This paper was published in the journal 'Royal Society Open Science'.



MEANING

refers to an agricultural system, wherein there is high level use of labour and capital, in comparison to the land area

Intensive Farming

It is practised in densely-populated

region

Land holding Small and expensive

Per hectare output

Near to the market

Large

region

Extensive

Farming is a farming

technique, in which

large farms are being

cultivated, with rela-

i.e. capital and labour

moderately-populated

Large and inexpensive

Near to the market

Remotely located

tively lower inputs,

It is practised in

SUMMING IT UP: The primary focus of intensive farming is on the quantity of the crop produced, whereas extensive farming stresses on quality. Intensive farming causes damage to the environment, as there is a high usage of chemicals that not only reduces the fertility of soil but also contaminates the food, which is not in the case of extensive farming.

Tea and Toast At G7



WHAT PM SAID

Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Monday addressed a G7 session on food security and gender equality during which he emphasised that India's approach had transitioned from women's development to women-led development.

On 'Investing in a better Future: Climate, Energy, Health', he asserted that India's dedication to climate commitments is evident from its

#WHAT'S TRENDING

TECH

Al's next big thing is 'fake' data

ast week Microsoft Corp. said it would stop selling software that guesses a person's mood by looking at their face. The reason: It could be discriminatory. But there's another, novel approach that tech firms are exploring: training AI on "synthetic" images to



make it less biased. Until recently, the software used to recognise real people, now many Al makers are using fake or "synthetic" images to train computers on a broader array of people, skin tones, ages or other features, essentially flipping the notion that fake data is bad.

FASHION

Russia's fashion industry stares at loss

cores of Western designer labels have quit Russia as part of a backlash against Moscow's decision to send troops into Ukraine, leaving their domestic competitors to take centrestage. At the annual Moscow Fashion Week, industry professionals said future looks



uncertain. "We need to develop the production of fabrics because our fabrics and accessories are all imported," said Yulia Lavrichenko, a fashion stylist. "Unfortunately, our designers are suffering from this for the time being." Russian couturiers rely heavily on Italy to provide the exclusive materials that go into clothing their wealthy clientele.

MOVIES

'Worked round-the-clock'

xpressing gratitude towards fans for celebrating his 30 years in Indian cinema, Bollywood superstar Shah Rukh Khan said he worked round-theclock to mark the day. He took to Twitter, a day after

he interacted with his fans on social media and thanked them for their undying love. "Thank u all for celebrating my 30 yrs with cakes & edits and all things nice. For me the best way to celebrate is to work round the clock today to create more entertainment. Love you all (sic)," Khan said in a tweet.

INCLUDING THE STATE OF THE STAT



BIOLOGY CLASS

Reproduction is the formation of new organisms of the same species by earlier existing organisms.

It is one of the important life processes and is also responsible for the evolution of each species.

LIVING BEINGS REPRODUCE THROUGH TWO METHODS..

1) Asexual reproduction 2) Sexual reproduction

EXUAL REPRODUCTION - When a new organism is formed from organisms of the same species without the involvement of gametes.

CHARACTERISTICS OF ASEXUAL REPRODUCTION

• New organisms have exact genetic similarities because there is no involvement of gametes. • The process of asexual reproduction is fast.

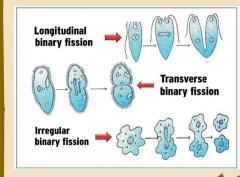
• Due to genetic similarity, it has less chance of survival due to changing environmental factors.

TYPES OF ASEXUAL REPRODUCTION

- In unicellular organisms
- Binary fissionMultiple fission Budding
- In multicellular organisms
- Fragmentation Regeneration

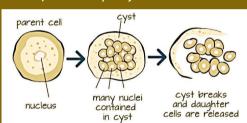
BINARY FISSION

The parent cell divides to form two similar daughter cells. The axis of division is different for different types of prokaryotes. Longitudinal binary fission in Euglena, Transverse binary fission in Paramecium, Irregular binary fission in Amoeba



MULTIPLE FISSION

The prokaryotes like Amoeba, Plasmodium, etc., become rounded and form a hard wall called a cyst. Many nuclei are formed by repeated nuclear divisions in the cyst. This happens due to unfavourable conditions. Later when favourable conditions arrive the cyst breaks open and many daughter cells are released.

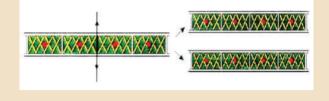


BUDDING

This type of reproduction is seen in Yeast. A small bulge appears on the surface of the parent cell. This bulge is actually a bud of one of the two daughter nuclei. After sufficient growth, the bud separates from the parent cell and starts to live independently as a daughter yeast cell.

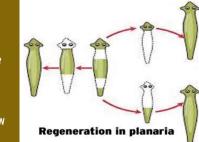
FRAGMENTATION

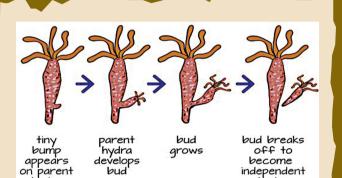
This type of reproduction is seen in the multicellular organism. The body of the parent organism breaks up into many fragments and each fragment starts to live as an independent new organism. Example - Spirogyra



REGENERATION

This type of asexual reproduction is seen in some types of animals. In this, the animal body breaks up into two parts and each part regenerates the remaining part of the body and the new organism is formed.





BUDDING (MULTICELLULAR)

Under favourable conditions, certain part of Hydra forms an outgrowth by repeated division of regenerative cells. This outgrowth is called a bud. The bud grows up for some time along with the help of the parent hydra. Under favourable conditions, the bud Hydra will separate from the parent and

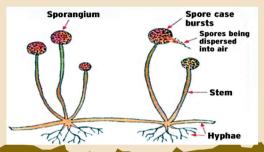
VEGETATIVE PROPAGATION

This type of reproduction is seen in different vegetative parts of plants like the root, stem leaf, and the bud. Vegetative propagation in potatoes is performed with the help of eyes present on the tuber whereas in Bryophyllum it is performed with the help of buds present on the leaf margin; in the case of plants like sugarcane and grasses, vegetative propagation occurs with the help of buds present on the nodes.



SPORE FORMATION

Fungi-like Mucor has a filamentous body. They have sporangia. Once the spores are formed, the sporangia burst, and spores are released. Spores germinate in a moist and warm place and a new fungal colony is formed.



RECAP

5. Mucor

MATCH THE TYPE OF REPRODUCTION:

a. Spore formation b. Binary fission c. Vegetative

3. Spirogyra propagation 4. Potatoes d. Fragmentation

e. Budding

SUNANDA K NAIR, St Therese Convent High School, Dombivli East,

Mumbai

ANSWERS: 1-B,2-E,3-D,4-C,5-A

OF MATTER & MECHANICS



CLASS: XII **SUBJECT:** PHYSICS (CBSE)

TIME: MM: 35

PAPER SET BY UDGAM TEAM, UDGAM SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN, AHMEDABAD

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

(i.) There are 12 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.

(ii.) This question paper has three sections: Section A. Section B and Section C. (iii.) Section A contains three questions of

two marks each, Section B contains eight questions of three marks each, Section C contains one case study-based question of five marks (iv.) There is no overall choice. However,

an internal choice has been provided in one

question of two marks and two questions of

three marks. You have to attempt only one of the choices in such questions. (v.) You may use log tables, if necessary,

but use of calculator is not allowed.

SECTION-A

Question 1:

Draw a circuit diagram showing the biasing of an LED. State the factor which (i) wavelength of light.

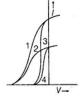
(ii) intensity of light emitted by the diode.

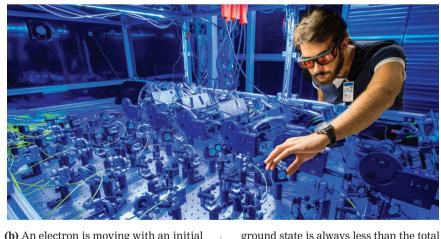
Question 1:

When is the H α line in the emission spectrum of hydrogen atom obtained? Calculate the frequency of the photon emitted during this transition

The value of $R = 1.09 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^{-1}$. OR

(a) The given graph shows the variation of photoelectric current (I) versus applied voltage (V) for two different photosensitive materials and for two different intensities of the incident radiations. Identify the pairs of curves that corresponds to different materials but same intensity of incident radiation. Give reason.





velocity y = y0i and then enters in a magnetic field B = B0j. What impact would be on de-Broglie wavelength after entering in the magnetic field? Justify.

Question 3:

Draw V-I characteristics of a p-n junction diode. Answer the following questions, giving reasons.

(i) Why is the current under reverse bias almost independent of the applied potential up to a critical voltage?

(ii) Why does the reverse current show a sudden increase at the critical voltage?

SECTION-B

Question 4:

Which state of the triply ionized Be+++ has the same orbital radius as that of the ground state of hydrogen? Compare the energies of two states.

Question 5:

Draw the circuit diagram of a full-wave rectifier using a centre-tap transformer and two p-n junction diodes. Give a brief description of the working of this circuit. Draw input waveforms at two diodes and output wave form across load resistance.

Question 6: (a) If both the number of protons and neutrons in a nuclear reaction is conserved, in what way the mass of a nucleus in its

ground state is always less than the total mass of its constituents - neutrons and protons, Explain.

(b) A nucleus with mass number A = 240and B.E. /A = 7.6 MeV breaks into two fragments each of A = 120 with B.E. A = 8.5MeV. Calculate the released energy.

Question 7:

A plane wavefront propagating in a medium of refractive index 'µ1' is incident on a plane surface making the angle of incidence 'i' as shown in the figure. It enters into a medium of refractive index 'Âu2' $(\hat{A}\mu 2 > \hat{A}\mu 1)$. Use Huygens' construction of secondary wavelets to trace the propaga tion of the refracted wavefront. Hence verify Snell's law of refraction



Question 8:

In the diffraction due to a single slit experiment, the aperture of the slit is 3 mm. If monochromatic light of wavelength 620 nm is incident normally on the slit, calculate the separation between the first order minima and the 3rd order maxima on one side of the screen. The distance between the slit and the screen is 1.5 m.

(i) A compound microscope uses an objective lens of focal length 4 cm and eyepiece lens of focal length 10 cm. An object is placed at 6 cm from the objective lens. Calculate the magnifying power of the compound microscope for least distance of distinct vision. (ii) Draw the labelled ray diagram for the

formation of image by a compound microscope

Question 9: Ultraviolet light of wavelength 2270 Å...

from 100 W mercury source irradiates a photocell made of a given metal. If the stopping potential is -1.3 V, estimate the work function of the metal. How would the photocell respond to a high intensity $(\sim 10^5 \, \mathrm{Wm}^{-2})$ red light of wavelength 6300 Å... produced by a laser?

Question 10:

A triangular prism of refracting angle 60° is made of a transparent material of refractive index $2/\sqrt{3}$. A ray of light is incident normally on the face KL as shown in the figure. Trace the path of the ray as it passes through the prism and calculate the angle of emergence and angle

Question 11:

(a) Name the EM waves which are used for the treatment of certain forms of cancer. Write their frequency range. **(b)** Thin ozone layer on top of stratosphere

is crucial for human survival. Why? **(c)** Why is the amount of the momentum transferred by the em waves incident on the surface so small?

(a) Write the necessary conditions to ob-

tain sustained interference fringes. Also write the expression for the fringe width. (b) In Young's double slit experiment. plot a graph showing the variation of fringe width versus the distance of the screen from the plane of the slits keeping other parameters same. What information can one obtain from the slope of the curve? (c) What is the effect on the fringe width if the distance between the slits is reduced keeping other parameters same?

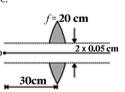
SECTION-C

Question 12:

CASE STUDY: Refraction Through Lens A convex or converging lens is thicker at the centre than at the edges. It converges

a parallel beam of light on refraction through it. It has a real focus. Convex lens is of three types: (i) Double convex lens (ii) Plano-convex lens (iii) Concavo-convex lens. Concave lens is thinner at the centre than at the edges. It diverges a parallel beam of light on refraction through it. It has a virtual focus.

I. A point object O is placed at a distance of 0.3 m from a convex lens (focal length 0.2 m) cut into two halves each of which is displaced by 0.0005 m as shown in figure.



What will be the location of the image? (a) 30 cm right of lens (b) 60 cm right of lens (c) 70 cm left of lens

(d) 40 cm left of lens II. Two thin lenses are in contact and the focal length of the combination is 80 cm. If the focal length of one lens is 20 cm, the focal length of the other would be.

(a) -26.7 cm (b) 60 cm (c) 80 cm (d) 20 cm III. A spherical air bubble is embedded in a piece of glass. For a ray of light passing through the bubble, it behaves like a

(a) converging lens (b) diverging lens

(c) plano-converging lens

(d) plano-diverging lens IV. Lens used in magnifying glass is (a) Concave lens (b) Convex lens (c) Both (a) and (b)

(d) Neither concave lens nor convex lens V. The magnification of an image by a convex lens is positive only when the object is placed

(a) at its focus F (b) between F and 2F

(c) at 2F (d) between F and optical centre

These questions are meant for practice purpose only. Students are advised to check format, syllabus and marks for Board test papers with their teachers. Questions have been given by teachers and NIE is not responsible for them.

Podar premier league held

"Passionate Powerpack Landmark event in the history of Podar World School."



he PPL, which is one of its kind, was inaugurated on June 18 at Podar World School, Sama, Vadodara on the occasion of Father's Day with an active participation of 65 teams.

The teams were given a redcarpet grandeur welcome. The PPL was declared open with a symbolic and colourful opening by principal Rekhaa Shah, vice principal

Kulwinder Kaur and PJK Headmistress Veena in the presence of existing teams and cheerful students with fanfare.

The winning amount of the PPL

will be dedicated to the CRY Foundation.

- THERE WERE 8 TEAMS NAMELY: 1. Podar Tigers
- 2. Podar Rangers
- 3. Azad Eleven 4. HM Hitters
- 5. Podar Titans





Competing in the guarter finals to enter the semi-finals (June 19) and making their way

into the finals to leave the first impression of their victory of the PPL.

Zebarites delve into the emerging trends of Al



ebar School for Children organized an internship program in Artificial Intelligence to give the real-world experience of the emerging technology to young learners of class IX and X. The aim of this internship program was to promote research and increase awareness about advanced programming elements of Python and Neuroscience with Python.

To make this phase easy and scrupu lous, an orientation was successfully carried out for Zebarites on April 30. The orientation was hosted by AI Educator Nidhi Trivedi and graced by executive director Manan Choksi, academic advisor Radhika worked in close collaboration with the Iyer, GRO Manju Malaviya, principal Sharmistha Sinha, vice principals of all sections and su-

pervisors. The importance of Artificial Intelligence was discussed to enhance employability skills and the possible career paths available to people in today's world. The programme was driven by Co-founder and CTO of the

company Shyam Parmar and his team who emphasized and showcased BrainAid, an AI Based Brain Computer Interface Device which helps in bridging the learning gaps in the classroom.

22 students were given intensive training and guidance for 15 days. The workshop was designed with the objectives to get hands-on experience about making face lock applications, autonomous driving cars, rock-paper-scissors game using computer vision. The cost of the workshop was borne

The company shortlisted 5 students and provided Best Summer Internship for a period of 15 days where students

> software team and data scientists, to get the exposure of designing websites with the help of different programming languages and gained real-life experience. After successful completion of the internship, students received an internship certificate and stipend. These students include Dhairya

Chokhadia, Harsh Deshmukh Mahir Shah, Aayush Agarwal and Henil Rojasara

We are proud to announce that along with 5 interns, 3 Zebarites of class IX were also selected for the project on 'Women Safety'. They include Aanya Rajani, Sakshi Joshi and Vidhi Patel

All the interns actively participated in the Internship program by submitting the assignments meticulously in no time. It was an overall positive experience for the Zebarites

HEMA TANEJA, educator

The Historical Bonanza, Maheshwar

7. Sama Lions

8. Podar Warriors.

adhya Pradesh has several monumental architectures. The State is gifted with natural beauty, rich flora and fauna and picturesque water bodies. My recent journey to Maheshwar left me completely enthralled with its majestic heritage architecture. The road journey from the Grape City Nashik to Maheshwar is about 349-kms.

I was awestruck by the sculpted beauty that lay before me as soon as I entered our place that is within the massive entrance gates of the Ahilya Fort. Each door, window and wall conveyed the aesthetic taste and love for art that ran deep into the veins of the Holkars (rulers), who built the palace. The dining area in the courtyard was surrounded with towering walls and ageold tresses stood gracefully in the place.

The experience was undoubtedly unique. After some rest and tea, I thought of taking a stroll in the streets of the city. Every corner you could see

the traditional Maheshwar sarees being made by the dexterous weavers. I and my group members then headed towards the Narmada Ghats.

While stepping down the stone steps I



felt as if I was going down into the unsurpassably beautiful royal world. Ahilya temple and the remains of the fort, especially the balconies or you may call the windows through which you

could see the evening Sun, created a grand reflection in the waters of the Nar-

mada river. The only question which repeatedly triggered my mind was that how did the artists, builders and rulers bring

such immense imagination for the profuse wealth of architecture?

I returned to my room with my whole being under a spell of the immensely creative past. The journey and the stay kept me thinking about the

stayed enthralled. **GEETA SAINI, ex NIE**



Student develops his own method of division

itarth Singhania, a student of **Anand Niketan Satellite** Campus, has invented the method of solving division in an innovative and simple manner on his own at the young age of 8 years. His method is astonishing as well as a marvellous piece of work, beyond the calibre of a child as young as him. He is proof that the word prodigy does exist even today, and he is a perfect example for the same. Coming up with an innovative method of his own has made him different from others. His parents are amazed and proud that their kid has a unique talent.

One day Hitarth was doing his maths homework when his mother noticed that he was using a different vice principal and the principal of method of division. She asked him "Has this method been taught to you in school?". Hitarth denied and responded that this is the method that he has been using since class II. Curiosity led his mother to the school, and she asked the maths teacher if she had taught the students a new method. The teacher



refused and saw the sums that Hitarth was solving. To everyone's amazement all the sums solved by that method turned out to be absolutely correct.

Awestruck by his talent this matter was discussed with the director, the school. Finally, they all concluded that Hitarth has discovered an entirely new method of solving division problems. Once his mother was certain that he had invented a new method, she forwarded it to the India Book of Records. They recognised and applauded this achievement of Hitarth.



There are a plethora of accolades he has received including an award by the India book of records and appreciation by the education minister of Kolkata who proudly declared him as an asset of the nation.

Renowned animal welfare organisations oppose keeping pets. Agree or disagree

nimals are not ours to experiment on, eat, wear, use for entertainment, or abuse in any other way,' is a statement that I came across on the internet. Many might claim that animals are very well cared for in their domestic households. What they refuse to acknowledge is that not all people are the same and at the end, it is still a caged life that the animals live. There is an ever-increasing number of cases where animal welfare organisations rescued pets from abuse at the hands

in terms of physical activity or attention. The suppliers who take away animals - not just cats and dogs, but hamsters, fish, snakes - from their natural habitat, only end up fattening their wallets by trading them.

of their owners. Even those who genuinely care for their

pets are not always able to provide what is best

People walk into pet shops to 'buy' animals based on their appearance without looking at whether or not the climate and geographical conditions they live in are suitable for the animals. Ultimately, we need to realise that we cannot bind animals to us for our own personal entertainment, with little or no regard for their

> As Anthony Douglas Williams said, "Animals have hearts that feel, eyes that see, and families to care for, just like you and me'. ALMAS BAQRI, class XII.

La Martiniere Girls' College, Lucknow

esides the companionship and the love they shower, pets have been known to be the best living partners for humans and family life. There is immense mindfulness with pets around, as we are constantly thinking of their welfare and needs. They need care like little babies and have regular demands, which keep us happy and healthy. This alone takes care of the loneliness which affects people like a disease. With pets at home, we need to go for

walks, cook food, clean and wash, and keep our envi-

ronment hygienic. All signs of a

good lifestyle. Pet owners have a separate community, where interactions are spontaneous and carefree. They have groups on social media, in colonies, in neighbourhoods where they bond with their kind

and interact on personal issues. It has been scientifically proven that if one spends time with dogs, horses or cats, a 'Feel Good' hormone is released. History and medical research have verified that they are our life-savers. They help in fighting grief,

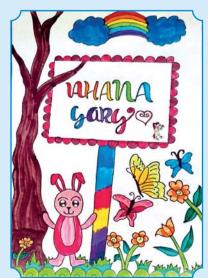
depression and sadness. Emotional support, unconditional love and providing us mental health are benefits of owning a pet, be it

> RISHIKA KUKRETI, class XII, CMS Gomti Nagar 2, Lucknow



Creative Corner

Heeva Shah, Class III, Udgam School



Ahana Garg, Delhi Public School, Bopal



Sai Saswat Das, Class V, Siddharth's Miracles School

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WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29, 2022



NO LET-UP AGAINST INDIA: STOKES



ries 2-1 but will face a revitalised England, which

Bairstow and James Anderson_from last year's



England's captain Ben Stokes holds up the series trophy at the presentation ceremony as England players celebrate after play on day 5 of the third cricket Test match between England and New Zealand

elentless in their 3-0 sweep of New Zealand, England captain Ben Stokes said there will be no let-up in intensity against India in the apcoming rescheduled fifth Test. Under the leadership of Stokes and new coach Brendon McCullum, England recorded a phenomenal 3-0 win in the Test series against reigning WTC champions New

Zealand, capping it off with a seven-wicket victory in the third and final match.

RENEWED VIGOUR

The one-off Test against India, a part of last year's five-match series, which was abandoned due to a COVID-19 outbreak, will begin at Edgbaston on Friday. "Trust me when I say this. We'll be coming out with exactly the same (aggressive) mindset, even though it's a different opposition," Stokes said on Monday. "Obviously, it's going to be a completely different... different opposition, with their attack and players as well. "We'll be concentrating on what we've done well over these last three games and look to continue that against India on Friday."

fourth Test against the Indian team. Stokes himself was not available for the series last year as he had taken a break to focus on his mental health. **INDIA TO TOUR NZ FOR**

WHITE-BALL SERIES

- India will be touring New Zealand for a white-ball series comprising three T20Is and as many ODIs after the World T20 in Australia, New Zealand Cricket (NZC) said on Tuesday. The series will be held between November 18 to 30 and New Zealand will return to India for a white-ball series in January next year.
- India will arrive in New Zealand at the conclusion of the World Cup to play the Blackcaps in three T20s at Wellington, Tauranga and Napier, and three ODIs at Auckland, Hamilton and Christchurch, NZC said.

SPECIAL START

has only four members _ Ollie Pope, Joe Root, England endured a tough time in the last few months, winning just once in 17 Tests before the New Zealand series.

> Praising his teammates for turning things around, Stokes said: "To walk away with a 3-0 series win over the best team in the world is a pretty special start." "I've got to show a huge amount of testament to the team over these three games. They've been absolutely phenomenal.

Stokes took over the captaincy after Root relinquished the position following England's 0-1 series defeat to the West Indies in April. "When I took over this job, it was more than results for me. It was about changing the mindset of the lads towards Test cricket, about having fun, and enjoying the fact that you're out there representing your country, and the results look

"But to say that we've done it so quickly is just unbelievable. I can only do so much, so I've got to show a huge amount of credit to Brendon, in the way that he's come in and influenced this group." PTI

CHESS OLYMPIAD TORCH RELAY REACHES VARANAS

he first-ever Chess Olympiad Torch reached the city of Varanasi in Uttar Pradesh. In Varanasi, the vice-chancellor of Mahatma Gandhi Kashi Vidyapith Dr Anand K Tyagi received the torch from Grandmaster Tejas Bakre and handed it over to the Woman Grandmaster and member of team India at the 44th Chess Olympiad, Vantika. Earlier on Sunday,

the torch had travelled to Lucknow. Other cities that have been covered so far include Leh, Jammu, Srinagar, Dharamshala, Shimla, Chandigarh, Patiala, Amritsar, Panipat, Gurugram, Kurukshetra, Dehradun, Haridwar, Meerut and Kanpur. The torch

launched by prime minister Narendra Modi on Sunday, began its relay from Leh. The torch will travel in 75 cities for 40 days before it culminates at Mahabalipuram in Tamil Nadu. Chess grandmasters will receive the torch at various identified venues. Altogether 189 countries are participating in the Chess Olympiad. This year, for the

first time, the international chess body, FIDE, has instituted the torch which is part of Olympic tradition but was never done in chess olympiads. The 44th edition of the world's biggest chess event will be held from July 28 to August 10. This is the first time India is hosting

this event. ANI

QUIZ TIME!

1. Who is the top seeded • men's singles player in Wimbledon 2022?

- a) Rafael Nadal
- b) Daniil Medvedev
- c) Stephanos Tsitsipas
- d) Novak Djokovic

• Who won the Men's 100m • Gold in 2020 Tokyo

- Olympics? a) Yohan Blake
- b) Lamont Marcell Jacobs
- c) Andre De Grasse d) Fred Kerley

- England scored the highest . ever ODI score of 498/4
- runs in 2022, against which team?
- b) South Africa
- c) Bangladesh d) Netherlands

Q4. In how many stadiums will the Qatar Football World Cup 2022 matches be played?

- a) Ten
- b) Eight c) Nine
- d) Six

The former seven times F1 World Drivers' Championship titles winner Michael Schumacher

belonged to which country?

- a) Germany b) Great Britain
- c) Italy d) USA



🗲 🕳 Who won the Ballon d'Or

- a) Lionel Messi
- b) Christiano Ronaldo
- Robert Lewandowski
- d) Mohamed Salah

7. Which football club won • the 2021 English Premier

- League title? a. Manchester United FC
- b. Arsenal FC
- c. Manchester City FC
- d. Liverpool FC

O. Which Indian shooter won the Women's 50m Rifle 3P

silver medal at the ISSF shooting World Cup 2022, held in Baku?

- a. Manu Bhaker
- b. Elavenil Valarivan
- c. Yashaswini Singh Deswal
- d. Anjum Moudgil

ANSWERS:

- 1. d. Djokovic
- 2. b. Lamont Marcell Jacobs
- 3. d. Netherlands
- 4. b. Eight
- 5. a. Germany
- 6. a. Lionel Messi
- 7. c. Manchester City FC 8. d. Anjum Moudgil