

CLASS : III MONTH: OCTOBER 2025

SUBJECT: EVS

LESSON 8: AIR

NEW WORDS:

1. Breeze

3. Composition

5. Polluted

7. Storm

9. Electricity

2. Squish

4. Nitrogen

6. Spreading

8. Mountaineer

10. Burning

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Q.1) What does air contain?

Ans: Air contains several gases such as oxygen, nitrogen, carbon-dioxide. It also contains dust, smoke, germs and water vapour.

Q.2) What are the characteristics of air?

Ans. i. Air has mass.

ii. Air occupies space.

iii. Air takes space of the container it is filled with.

iv. Air has no taste, colour, and smell.

Q.3) What is wind? How does it blow?

Ans. Moving air is called wind.

The sun heats the Earth. Warm air rises up because it is light.

Cool air from nearby comes to take its place.

This movement of air is called wind.

O.4) What is the difference between a storm and a breeze?

Ans.

<u>Storms</u>	<u>Breeze</u>	
1. Strong blowing wind is called storm.	1. Slow and gentle wind is called breeze.	
2.It can be harmful.	2. It is pleasant.	

Q.5) List three uses of air.

Ans. i. All living things need air to survive.

ii. Air supports burning.

iii. Air helps in spreading seeds.

Q.7) Write some measures to prevent air pollution. i. Use public transport. ii. Avoid burning trash and fire crackers. iii. Avoid chemical sprays and cleaners. iv. Plant more trees. HOME ASSIGNMENT: Q.8) What will happen if we cover a lit candle with a glass jar? Explain it. Q.9) Storms can damage trees and buildings. Why? COMPETENCY BASED QUESTIONS: Q.1 Which is not a constituent of air? a. Water vapour c. Dust b. Gases d. Light Q.2 Which can minimize air pollution? a. Use of public transport c. Avoid bursting of crackers d. All of the above Q.3 Polluted air can cause— a. Breathing / Respiratory problems c. Both a and b d. None of the above Q.4 Strong wind: Storm:: Gentle wind: a. Force c. Damage d. Carbon-dioxide Q.5 Plants, animals, and humans need air for their— a. animals, survival c. humans, survival d. non-living things, survival Q.6 Which gas supports burning?	Q.6)	What is air pollution?		
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	Q.5	a. animals, survival	b. plants, survival	
a. Oxygen c. Hydrogen d. Carbon-dioxide	Q.6	a. Oxygen		



CLASS: III MONTH: OCTOBER 2025

SUBJECT: EVS

LESSON 9: WATER

NEW WORDS:

1. Liquid

3. Gaseous

5. Melting

7. Transpiration

9. Water cycle

11. Inter-changeable

2. Solid

4. Freezing

6. Evaporation

8. Condensation

10. Glaciers

12. Droplets

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Q.1- What are the three forms of water?

Ans: They are- Solid form – ice, Liquid form – water, Gaseous form – water vapour.

O.2 Define-

Ans. i. <u>Evaporation</u>-The process of converting water into water vapour upon heating is called evaporation.

ii. Condensation- The process of converting water vapour into water upon cooling is called condensation.

iii.Freezing-The process of converting water into ice after cooling is called freezing.

iv.Melting-The process of converting ice into water after heating is called melting.

Q.3 What is transpiration?

Ans. The process by which plants release excess water in the form of water is called transpiration.

Q.4 What is underground water? How does water get stored?

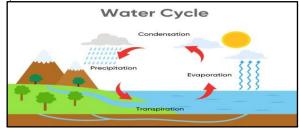
Ans. Underground water is the water that is found beneath the Earth's surface in soil, sand, and rocks. Water gets stored when rainwater and water from rivers or lakes seep through the soil and collect in spaces and cracks in rocks.

O.5 What do you mean by snow?

Ans. The raindrops which freeze due to cold and falls down on earth is called snow.

Q.6 Define water cycle with a labelled diagram.

Ans. The continuous cycle by which water circulates on the earth is known as water cycle.



Q.7 Q.8	Give reason: "If we heat water for some tin Write any two uses of water.	ne, the amount of water in the vessel reduces. Why?"	
	COMPETENCY B	SASED QUESTIONS:	
Q.1	River, ponds, lake, and wells are	•	
	a. uses of water	b. importance of water	
	c. sources of water	d. none of the above	
Q.2	When water boils in a kettle, we can see	as mist.	
	a. water	b. steam	
	c. smoke	d. Oxygen	
Q.3	Which of the following covers most of the earth surface?		
	a. Sand	b. Water	
	c. Mountains	d. Cities	
Q.4	Which of the following statement is true?		
	a. Water can exist in three states- gas, liquid a	nd solid.	
	b. Rivers and lakes contain gaseous form of w	vater.	
	c. Plants do not need water.		
	d. Tube wells are the main source of water.		
Q.5	Which of the following is wrong?		
	a. solid - heat- liquid	b. liquid - heat- solid	
	c. gas- cool- liquid	d. liquid-cool-solid	
Q.6	Which of these is <u>not</u> a property of water?		
	a. odourless	b. colourless	
	c. shapeless	d. blue colour	



CLASS: III	MONTH: AUGUST 2025
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SUBJECT: EVS

Lesson- 5: OUR BODY

NEW WORDS:

4	O 11
1	('Alle
1.	Cells

- 3. Organ
- **5.** Organism
- 7. Muscles
- 9. Intestine
- 11. Respiratory
- 13. Lungs
- 15. Heart
- 17. Nervous
- **19.** Spinal Chord

- 2. Tissue
- **4.** Skeletal
- **6.** Muscular
- 8. Digestive
- 10. Stomach
- **12.** Circulatory
- **14.** Blood vessels
- **16.** Brain
- **18.** Excretory
- **20.** Reproductive

Answer The Following Questions:

Q.1- Answer in one word: -

- (i) The basic and the smallest unit of life. <u>Cell</u>
- (ii) Group of similar type of cells with same function. <u>Tissue</u>
- (iii) Group of different type of tissues with specific function. Organ
- (iv) Group of organs that performs a specific body function. Organ system
- (v) Collection of all different organ systems. **Organism**

Q.2- What is skeletal system made up of?

Ans: Skeletal system is made up of bones.

Q.3- Write the functions of skeletal system.

Ans: Functions of skeletal system are—

- (i) Gives shape, support and strength to our body.
- (ii) Protects soft internal organs of our body
- (iii) Helps in movement of our body.

Q.4- Define digestion. Name the organs of digestive system.

- **Ans.** The process of breaking down of food into simpler forms.
 - The organs of digestive system are-
- (i) Mouth
- (ii) Food pipe
- (iii) Stomach
- (iv) Small intestine
- (v) Large intestine
- (vi) Anus

Q.5- Name the organs of breathing system.

Ans. The organs of breathing system are- Nose, wind pipe, lungs.

Q.6- Write the functions of following parts of Circulatory System.

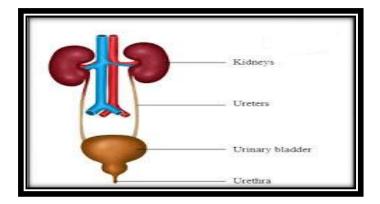
- (i) Heart It pumps blood to all parts of body.
- (ii) Blood vessels Thin tubes through which blood travels in our body.
- (iii) Blood (a) Carry oxygen and nutrients to all parts of our body.
 - (b) Also removes wastes from the body.

Q.7- (a) What is the function of the Nervous System?

- (b) Name the organs of Nervous system.
- **Ans.** (a) The function of the Nervous System is to control all the actions of our body.
 - (b) i) Brain. ii) Spinal Cord. iii) Nerves

Q.8- (a) What is the function of the excretory system.

- (b) Name the organs of the excretory system.
- Ans. (a) The function of the excretory system is to remove wastes from the body.
 - (b) The organs of the excretory system are-
 - (i) Kidneys
- (ii) Ureters
- (iii) Urinary bladder
- (iv) Urethra



Q.9- Ans.	<u>*</u>			
	HOME ASSIGNM	ENT:		
Q.10	Draw a well labe (a) Respiratory s	lled diagrams of the ystem	e following organ sy (b) Digestive	
	COMPETENCY	BASED QUESTIC	ONS:	
1.	-		_	elping you to feel so?
	a. eye	b. ear	c. nose	d. skin
2.	The brain commu a. Through bloc c. Through wat		ly through- b. Through ne d. None of the	
3.	The thumping sou a. Heart	nd which you can h b. Kidney	ear in your left side c. stomach	e of chest, is due to- d. lungs
4.	What are the fur	nctions of the hair fo	ound in nose?	
				ns from the inhaled air
		n from the inhaled air	_	
5.	An adult usually h	nas musc	les.	
	a. 206	b. more than 30	00 c. 500	d. 600
6.	The body wastes u	rine and sweat are	removed from the l	oody with the help of-
	a. Heart	b. Kidney	c. stomach	d. lungs
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CLASS: III MONTH: AUGUST 2025

Lesson- 6: HOUSING AND CLOTHING

NEW WORDS:

1.	Ceiling	2.	Relaxation
3.	Design	4.	Extremely
5.	Circulation	6.	Drainage
7.	Garbage	8.	Kitchen
9.	Weather	10.	Disinfectant
11.	Fibre	12.	Synthetic

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Q.1- Write some difference between kutcha and pucca houses.

Ans.	KUTCHA HOUSE	PUCCA HOUSE
	(i) Are weak and temporary.	(i) They are strong and permanent.
	(ii) Are made of mud, grass, leaf & straws.	(ii) They are made up of bricks, cement, iron etc.
	(iii) They get damaged easily during	(iii) They do not get damaged easily
	storms and floods.	during storms and floods.

Q.2- Why do we need a house?

Ans. We need a house to protect ourselves from heat, dust, cold, rain, strong winds, thieves and animals.

Q.3- Mention the features of a good house.

- Ans. A good house should have the following features-
 - (i) Big windows and doors.
- (ii) High ceiling and thick walls.
- (iii) Open spaces like verandahs and balconies
- (iv) Good drainage system in bathroom and kitchens

Q.4- How do high ceilings and thick walls help to make a house good?

Ans. High ceilings keep the house cool and help in proper air circulation. Thick walls keep the house cool in summer and warm in winters.

Q.5- Write the ways by which you can keep your house clean.

Ans. We can keep our house clean by: -

- (i) Cleaning and dusting the house. everyday
- (ii) Swiping and mopping the floor using disinfectants. Bathrooms and toilets should be cleaned every day.
- (iii) Garbage should be collected and thrown in covered dustbins.
- (iv) Drains should be kept clean and covered.

Q.6- Why do we wear clothes?

Ans. We wear clothes because they protect our body from the heat, wind, rain, cold, and dust.

Q.7- Define-

- (i) <u>Natural Fibres: -</u> Fibres that are obtained either from plants or animals are known as natural fibres. Eg. Cotton, Jute, Silk
- (ii) <u>Man-made fibres:</u> Fibres that are made by humans are known as Synthetic or man-madefibres. Eg. Nylon, Polyester, Rayon

Q.8- Write about the type of clothes worn during different seasons along with the reason.

Æ.,	William moone and of the or erecting well and remove the remove and the remove the remov		
	SEASON	TYPE OF CLOTH WORN	REASON
(i)	Summer	Cotton	Absorbs sweat and keep us cool.
(ii)	Winter	Woollen	Protect us from cold and keep us warm.
(iii)	Rainy	Synthetic or Plastic	Protect us from rain and keep us dry.

HOME ASSIGNMENT:

Q.9- What type of houses have sloping roofs and why?

COMPETENCY BASED QUESTION:

- 1. The type of house that people live in depends on
 - a. The climate of the place

b. The people of the place

c. The vehicle of the place

d. None of these

e.

f.

- 2. Pucca house includes
 - a.Flats

- b.Apartments
- c. bungalows

d.all of them

- 3. We wear different clothes according to the
 - a. Weather of the place

b. Food of the place

c. Plants of the place

- d. None of these
- 4. This type of houses are found in the region of-



a.heavy rain and flood b.Hot and dry

c.cold

d.dessert

- 5. Which is a natural fibre obtained from plants
 - a. jute

- b. silk
- c. wool

d. fur

- 6. Igloo, built in extremely cold regions, helps to keep
 - a. the temperature high inside.
- b. the temperature low inside.

c. the pressure low inside.

d. the pressure high inside.

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CLASS: III MONTH: JULY 2025

SUBJECT: EVS

Lesson- 4: Birds

NEW WORDS:

1. Feathers

3. Muscle

5. Flightless

7. Talons

9. Scratching

11. Nestlings

2. Hollow

4. Direction

6. Ornithologist

8. Perching

10. Wading

12. Chisel

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Q.1- How are birds different from other animals?

Ans: Birds have wings, feathers, beaks and claws which make them look different from other animals.

Q.2- Describe the beaks of birds.

Ans: (i) Birds are toothless animals.

- (ii) They have beaks to eat their food and feed their young ones.
- (iii) Their beak's shape depends on the type of food they eat.
- (iv) They also use their beak to preen and defend themselves.

Q.3- How do birds fly? Explain briefly.

Ans: To fly, birds flap their wings in two ways:- (i) Upstroke and (ii) Down stroke.

The upward and backward movement of wings is called $\underline{\textbf{Upstroke}}$

The downward and forward movement of wings is called **Down stroke.**

Q.4- Write down the unique features that help a bird to fly.

Ans: (i) Boat shaped body.

- (ii) Hollow and light bones.
- (iii) Presence of wings and tail.
- (iv) Strong chest muscles

Q.6- Why do ducks have holes on the sides of their beaks?

Ans: To catch insects and plants in muddy water. The holes help to drain out water.

Q.7- Why do woodpecker have strong and chisel shaped beak?

Ans: To poke holes in the hard trunk and bark of trees to pull out insects.

Q.8- Which type of birds have the following types of feet and claws-

(i) Strong feet with sharp claws called talons-

Ans: Flesh eating birds

(ii) Each Feet has four toes, two front and two back-

Ans: Climbing bird

(iii) Long legs with toes to walk through muddy water-

Ans: Wading bird

(iv) Webbed feet-

Ans: Swimming birds

(v) Three front toes pointing forward and one toe at the back to hold branches-

Ans: Perching bird

(vi) Strong legs with sharp claws on three toes in front and one toe at back, to dig ground-

Ans: Scratching birds

HOMEWORK:

Q. 5- Write the names of three kinds of feathers. Also draw the diagrams of each.

Ans: (i) Flight feather

(ii) Down feather

(iii) Body feather



COMPETENCY BASED QUESTIONS

- 1. Birds body is shaped like-
 - (a) train

(b) aeroplane ✓

(a) bus

(b) car

- 2. What are NESTLINGS?
 - (a) Baby birds ✓

(b) hedges

(c) nests prepared by birds

(d) process of making nests

3. Why do parrots have curved and sharp beaks?

- (a) To tear the flesh of prey.
- (c) To crack open nuts and fruits. ✓
- (b) To suck nectar
- (d) To catch insects from water.

4. A person who studies about birds is known as-

- (a) zoologist
- (c) biologist

- (b) botanist
- (d) ornithologist ✓

5. How do webbed feet help a bird?

- (a) In paddling the water and swimming. ✓
- (c) Climbing on trees

- (b) In walk through water.
- (d) Catching prey

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CLASS: III MONTH: JUNE- 2025

SUBJECT: EVS

Lesson-3: Animals-Food And Feeding Habits

NEW WORDS:

1. Survive

3. Carnivores

5. Incisors

7. Molars

9. Grinding

11. Swallowing

13. Hunt

2. Herbivores

4. Omnivores

6. Canines

8. Rumination

10. Gnawing

12. Indirectly

14. Veterinary

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Q.1- On the basis of food habits classify the animals.

Ans: Animals can be classified into-

(i) <u>Herbivores:</u> Eat only plants and plant products. Example: Cow, Sheep, Goat etc.

(ii) <u>Carnivores:</u> Eat only other animals. Example: Lion, Crocodile, Snake etc.

(iii) Omnivores:- Eat both plants and animals. Example:- Dog, Bear, Crow etc.

Home work:

Q.2- Name some wild animals which are herbivore?

Ans: Deer, elephant, rhino, zebra, giraffe

Q.3- Give one word answers-

(i) Sharp, front teeth of herbivores for cutting and biting plants -

Ans: Incisors

(ii) Flat, broad and strong teeth at the back of mouth for grinding-

Ans: Molars

(iii) Sharp, curved and pointed teeth of carnivores for tearing flesh-

Ans: Canines

(iv) The animals which are eaten by carnivores.

Ans: Prey

Q.4- What is Rumination?

Ans: Cows and buffaloes bite and cut the grass, half chew and swallow it. Later, they bring back the food into their mouth and chew it slowly. This is called **Chewing the Cud** or **Rumination.**

Q.5- What is nibbling? Explain with examples.

Ans: Some animals break their food with the help of their sharp front teeth before chewing it, this is called **Gnawing** or **Nibbling.** Example:- mice, squirrel, rabbit.

Q.6- Why do they do some animals swallow their food whole? Give examples.

Ans: Some animals swallow their food whole because they do not have chewing teeth. Examples- Snakes, crocodiles, frogs and birds.

Q.7- What is the use of the row of small teeth, found in snakes and crocodiles?

Ans: Holding the prey while swallowing.

Q.8- How do the following animals eat their food?

(i) Elephant

Ans: Long and thick trunk to break and tear plant parts and put into mouth.

(ii) Butterfly

Ans: Straw like tube attached to their mouth to suck nectar from the flowers.

(iii) Lizard and frog

Ans: Long and sticky tongue to catch their prey.

Q.9- What are scavengers?

Ans: Scavenges are animals, who eat the remains of dead animals. Examples:- vultures, hyenas

Q.10- What does a food chain show? Draw a food chain.

Ans: A food chain shows the order of how different living things are dependent on each other for food and energy.

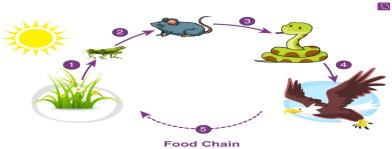


Diagram:-

Q.11-	Complete the following sentence- A food chain always starts with	and ends with		
Q.12- Ans:	What happens due to hunting of wild animals? Hunting decreases the number of wild animals and later they may become extinct.			
	COMPETENCY BASED QUESTIONS:			
1.	We should take care of domestic anim	nals by giving them-		
	a. Good care and clean home	b. Good and healthy food		
	c. Clean water to drink	d. All of them \checkmark		
2.	Plants are called producers, because	the produce-		
	a. Food √	b. water		
	c. soil	d. All of them		
3.	A food chain ends with-			
	a. herbivores	a. carnivores ✓		
	b. omnivores	c. both b. and c.		
4.	Scavengers are-			
	a. harmful for the environment	a. harmless for the environment ✓		
	b. useful for the environment	c. don't affect the environment		
5.	Strong grinding teeth of animals four	nd at the back of the mouth are called-		
	a. incisors	b. canines		
	c. molars ✓	d. chewing pads		
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CLASS 3

APRIL MONTH (2025-26)

UNIT I -THE WORLD AROUND US L-1 LIVING AND NON-LIVING THINGS

New Words: -

- 1. Reproduce
- 2. excrete
- 3. breathe
- 4. natural
- 5. human-made
- 6. gills
- 7. Stomata
- 8. tongue
- 9. sense organs
- 10. hatch

Answer the following questions: -

Q.1. Name the two things which make our environment.

Ans. The two things which make our environment are-

- i) living things like plants and animals
- ii) Non-living things like air, water, soil, houses etc.

Q.2. Write the differences between natural things and human-made things? Give two examples of each.

Ans.

NATURAL THINGS	HUMAN-MADE THINGS
The things that are given by	Things that are created by humans.
nature.	
Example: Sun, moon, plants,	Example: toys, roads, cars, pencil etc.
animals etc.	

Q.3. From where do the living things get the energy?

Ans. They get the energy from the food they eat or make.

Q.4. What keeps the living things healthy?

Ans. Food and water help living things to keep healthy.

Q.5. On whom do humans and animals depend for their food?

Ans. Humans and animals depend on plants and other animals for their food.

Q.6. What does green plant need to make its own food?

Ans. Green plants need-

- i) Sunlight
- ii) Air (Carbon-dioxide)
- iii) Water

Q.7. How do plants breathe?

Ans. Plants breathe through Stomata found on leaves.

Q.8. How do the sense organs help the living things?

Ans. The sense organs help the living things to feel the world around them.

Q.9. What do you understand by reproduction?

Ans. Producing young ones of their own kind by all living things, is called reproduction.

Q.10. Write the two ways by which animals reproduce.

Ans. i) Some animals reproduce by laying eggs

ii)Some reproduce by giving birth to their young ones.

Q.11. Identify the stimulus and response in the given situation-

You went to kitchen and by mistake you touched the hot pan. You immediately pulled back your hand.

Ans. Stimulus-	•	Respon	nse
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HOME ASSIGNMENT

Q9. Write the differences between Living and Non-living things.

HINT: - Children will write from their own understanding and can also take the help of **CONCEPT MAP** given on page number-14

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CLASS 3 APRIL-MAY MONTH(2025-26) UNIT II PLANT WORLD L-2 PARTS OF A PLANT

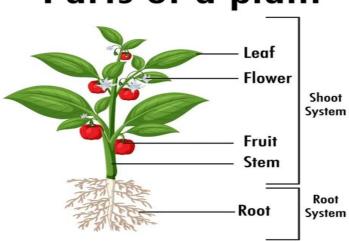
	New Words: -		
1	absorb	11.	main vein
2.	mineral	12.	stomata
3.	taproot	13.	chlorophyll
4.	fibrous root	14.	capture
5.	edible	15.	Photosynthesis
6.	penetrate	16.	excess
7.	trunk	17.	transpiration
8.	upright	18.	fragrance
9.	distribute	19.	germination
10.	nutrients	20.	petals

Answer the following questions: -

Q.1. Draw parts of a plant and label it.

Ans.

Parts of a plant



Q.2 How many main parts does a plant has? Which are they?

Ans. A plant has two main parts. They are-

- 1. Root and
- 2. Shoot

Q3. Write the difference between a Tap root and a Fibrous root with the help of a diagram.

Ans

Tap root

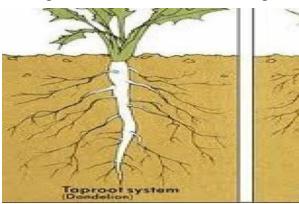
- 1. A root that has one thick main root from which many smaller thin side roots grow.
- 2. It penetrates deep into the soil.

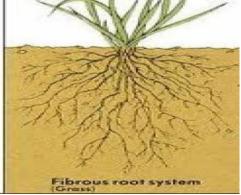
Eg: - carrot, beet root etc.

Fibrous root

- 1. A root that has many small threads like roots, branching from the end of the stem.
- 2. It doesn't penetrate deep into the soil.

Eg: -rice, wheat and grass.





Q.4. What are the functions of a root?

Ans

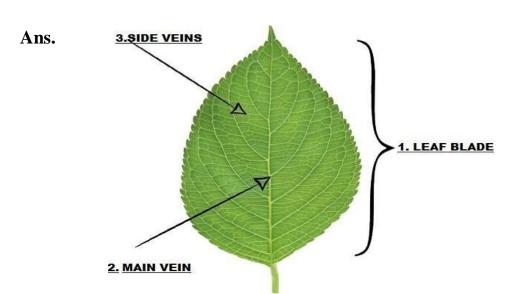
- > Roots hold the plant firmly to the soil.
- Roots absorb water and minerals from the soil.
- Roots hold the soil around the plant and prevent the soil from being removed by wind or water
- Roots of some plants store food.Example: -Carrot, Radish

Q5. What are the functions of a stem?

Ans Functions of a stem are: -

- Helps the plant to stay upright
- Carries water and minerals from roots to other parts of the plant.
- > Distribute the food made by leaves to other parts of the plant.
- > Some stems store food. Examples: Potato, Sugarcane

Q.6. Make a well labelled diagram of a leaf.



Q7. Write the functions of a leaf.

Ans Functions of a leaf are : -

- ➤ To prepare food for the plant.
- To give out excess water of the plant in the form of water vapour through Stomata-Transpiration
- > Some leaves store food.

Example: -Spinach

Q8. How do green plants make food? What do we call this process?

Ans. Green plants prepare food with the help of following things: -

- i) Chlorophyll
- ii) Sunlight
- iii) Carbon-dioxide
- iv) Water
 - Preparing food using all these things is called PHOTOSYNTHESIS.

Q9. How do the following parts of a plant helps a plant?

Ans i) Flower- It grows into fruit.

- ii) Fruit- It has seeds inside it.
- iii) Seeds- They have baby plants inside them, which grow into new plants.
- Q10. Define germination.

Ans The process by which a seed grows into a new plant is known as germination.

Q11. What are the things needed for seed germination?

Ans The things needed for seed germination are-

- i) Sunlight
- ii) Water
- iii) Air
- iv) Nutrients

Q.12 Write any two differences between plants and animals.

GOOGLE FORM LINK FOR REVISION

https://forms.gle/xrLUYupnNce1Cfpf7

