



Delhi Public School, Gandhinagar

Academic Session (2025-26)

Class II

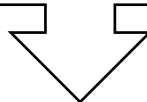
Sample Notebook

Subject:

Mathematics

Month:

July



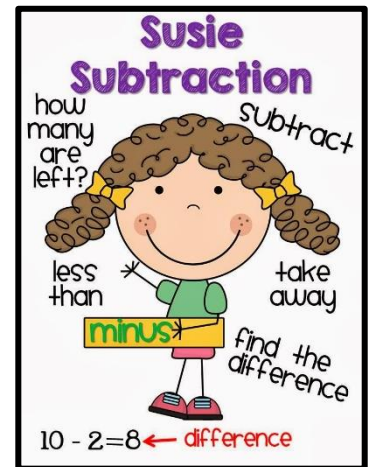
CHAPTER - 3

Subtraction up to 99

Subtraction Without Regrouping

Subtracting 1- digit Number from 2-digit Number

TEXTBOOK PAGE: 28 to 31



Exercise 3.1

1. Subtract the following.

a.

T	O
2	5
-	
	4
2	1

b.

T	O
3	9
-	
	5
3	4

c.

T	O
4	9
-	
	7
4	2

d.

T	O
9	6
-	
	4
9	2

Subtracting a 2- digit Number from a 2-digit Number

TEXTBOOK PAGE: 31

e.

T	O
5	4
-	
2	1
3	3

f.

T	O
6	8
-	
4	0
2	8

g.

T	O
7	2
-	
4	1
3	1

h.

T	O
8	7
-	
3	1
5	6

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex: 1 – Fill in the blanks

1. The result of subtraction is known as difference.
2. The larger number in subtraction is called minuend.
3. The smaller number in subtraction is called subtrahend.
4. When we subtract a number from itself, we get 0.
5. $50 - 0 = \underline{50}$.

Ex: 2 – Subtract the following (Without Regrouping)

T O		
	6	4
–	1	2
	5	2

T O		
	7	6
–	3	1
	4	5

Practice work:

T O		
	3	2
–	1	0
	2	2

T O		
	5	4
–	2	1
	3	3

TEXTBOOK PAGES: 32 and 33

Subtraction With Regrouping

Subtracting a 1-digit Number from a 2-digit Number



Exercise 3.2

1. Arrange the numbers in the correct columns and subtract.

a. $22 - 7$

	T	O
	2	2
-		7
	1	5

b. $45 - 9$

	T	O
	4	5
-		9
	3	6

c. $70 - 5$

	T	O
	7	0
-		5
	6	5

d. $87 - 8$

	T	O
	8	7
-		8
	7	9

e. $65 - 7$

	T	O
	6	5
-		7
	5	8

f. $94 - 6$

	T	O
	9	4
-		6
	8	8

Q2. Solve the following: (TB Page: 33 – Oral)

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex: 3 – Subtract the following (With Regrouping)

	T	O
	8	13
	9	3
-	2	4
	6	9

	T	O
	6	15
	7	5
-	4	8
	2	7

Practice work:

	T	O
	4	17
	5	7
—	1	9
	3	8

	T	O
	7	15
	8	5
—	5	7
	2	8

Checking Subtraction

TEXTBOOK PAGES: 34



Exercise 3.3

1. Check the following subtractions. One has been done for you.

a.

T	O	T	O
7	5	1	0
—	1 0	+	6 5
6	5	7	5

b.

T	O	T	O
6	0	3	0
—	3 0	+	3 0
3	0	6	0

c.

T	O	T	O
5	4	2	0
—	2 0	+	3 4
3	4	5	4

d.

T	O	T	O
8 9	10 0	4	5
—	4 5	+	4 5
4	5	9	0

e.

T	O	T	O
8	8	4	4
—	4 4	+	4 4
4	4	8	8

f.

T	O	T	O
8	5	2	5
—	2 5	+	6 0
6	0	8	5

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex: 4 – Subtract the following and verify.

T O		
	6	4
–	4	2
	2	2



T O		
	4	2
+	2	2
	6	4

T O		
	8	8
–	3	5
	5	3



T O		
	3	5
+	5	3
	8	8

Practice work:

T O		
	9	5
–	8	1
	1	4



T O		
	8	1
+	1	4
	9	5

T O		
	4	7
–	2	6
	2	1



T O		
	2	6
+	2	1
	4	7

Comparison with Subtraction

TEXTBOOK PAGES: 35 and 36

ORAL

2. Neena and Sheena baked some cupcakes. Let us see who sold more cupcakes.

Neena baked 8 cupcakes and 4 cupcakes were left unsold.

Sheena baked 9 cupcakes and 6 cupcakes were left unsold.



Neena sold $8 - 4 = 4$ cupcakes

Sheena sold $9 - 3 = 6$ cupcakes

Thus, Neena sold more cupcakes.

Properties of Subtraction

ORAL

Exercise 3.4


1. State whether true or false.

- $35 - 20 = 15$ and $45 - 20 = 25$. The difference between them is the same. *False*
- $50 - 20 = 30$ and $30 - 10 = 20$. The difference between them is the same. *False*
- $76 - 46 = 30$ and $40 - 30 = 10$. The difference is not the same. *True*
- $80 - 40 = 40$ and $90 - 50 = 40$. The difference is not the same. *False*


2. Find whether Group A and Group B have the same difference or not.

A	B	Same/Different
$55 - 25 = 30$	$65 - 35 = 30$	Same
$60 - 20 = 40$	$80 - 40 = 40$	same
$42 - 22 = 20$	$62 - 32 = 30$	Different
$90 - 45 = 45$	$70 - 25 = 45$	same
$85 - 40 = 45$	$60 - 25 = 35$	Different


TEXTBOOK PAGES: 37





Exercise 3.5





Subtract the following using properties of subtraction. One has been done for you.


1.  42 - 42 = 0

3.  58 - 58 = 0

5.  22 - 0 = 22

2.  60 - 60 = 0

4.  15 - 0 = 15

6.  74 - 74 = 0

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex.5: Story sums

1. Lisa has 76 red flowers. She needs a total of 96 red flowers to complete her order. How many more red flowers does she need?

Solution:	T	O
Total number of red flowers	9	6
Number of red flowers Lisa has	7	6
Difference	-	2
Ans: Lisa needs 20 red flowers.		

2. A fruit seller had 58 oranges on Monday morning. In the evening there were only 25 oranges left with him. How many oranges did he sell on Monday?

Solution:	T	O
Total number of oranges	5	8
Number of oranges left	2	5
Difference	-	3
Ans: He sold 33 oranges on Monday.		

TEXTBOOK PAGES: 39 and 41




Maths Connect

21st
Century
Skills




Financial literacy

Kush and Karan are two friends. They have ₹90 each. They bought 3 items from different shops. Find out who spent more money.

Kush

	₹18
	₹40
	₹5

Karan

	₹12
	₹30
	₹2

Kush's Bill

①		
	1	8
+	4	0
		5

Karan's Bill

	1	2
+	3	0
		2

Whose bill is more?

Kush

By how much?

₹19

TOTAL

₹63

₹44

Chapter Review

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

FLUENCY

1-2

3

4-5

- 43 - 2 equals to:
a. 40 ☒ b. 41 c. 42 d. 43
- 62 - 10 equals to:
a. 72 b. 62 ☒ c. 52 d. 42
- When thirty is subtracted from ninety-eight, we get: $98 - 30 =$
a. 38 b. 48 c. 58 ☒ d. 68
- Rahul planted 12 plants and Riya planted 9 plants. How many more plants did Rahul plant than Riya? $12 - 9$
a. 1 b. 2 ☒ c. 3 d. 4
- Mehak scored 56 points less than 94. Find her score. $94 - 56 =$
a. 35 b. 36 c. 37 ☒ d. 38

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex.6: CBE (Written)

1. Find the difference between the greatest 2- digit number and smallest 2- digit number.

Ans: Greatest 2 – digit number = 99
Smallest 2 – digit number = 10
Difference = $99 - 10 = 89$

Ex.7: CBE (Observation)

2. $7 + 9 + 4$ is greater than 18.
3. 20 less than 54 is equal to 34.

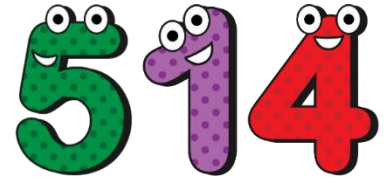
Ex.8: CBE (Oral)

1. 0 is subtracted from a number to get the difference as number itself.
2. We can use addition to check subtraction.
3. The difference obtained will be zero, when a number is subtracted from itself.






CHAPTER - 4

3 – Digit Numbers

TEXTBOOK PAGE: 46 and 47



Warm-up

Items	Quantity (In numbers)	Quantity (In words)
Balloons 	50	Fifty
Muffins 	25	Twenty-five
Paper plates 	70	Seventy
Juice bottles 	30	Thirty
Candles 	12	Twelve

Exercise 4.1

1. 111 - One hundred eleven
203 - Two hundred three
424 - Four hundred twenty-four
606 - Six hundred six

2. a. 733 b. 414 c. 244 d. 505
e. 971 f. 517

NOTEBOOK WORK:

Ex.1: Write Number Names:

TH	H	T	O		
	4	2	6	-	Four hundred twenty-six
	3	3	4	-	Three hundred thirty-four
	5	8	1	-	Five hundred eighty-one
1	0	0	0	-	One thousand

Practice work:

H	T	O		
3	7	9	-	Three hundred seventy-nine
5	0	3	-	Five hundred three

Ex.2: Write in Figures:

	H	T	O
Six hundred thirty-seven	6	3	7
Two hundred forty-three	2	4	3
Five hundred eight	5	0	8
Eight hundred sixty-six	8	6	6

Practice work:

	H	T	O
Three hundred thirty-three	3	3	3
Seven hundred forty-six	7	4	6

Exercise 4.2

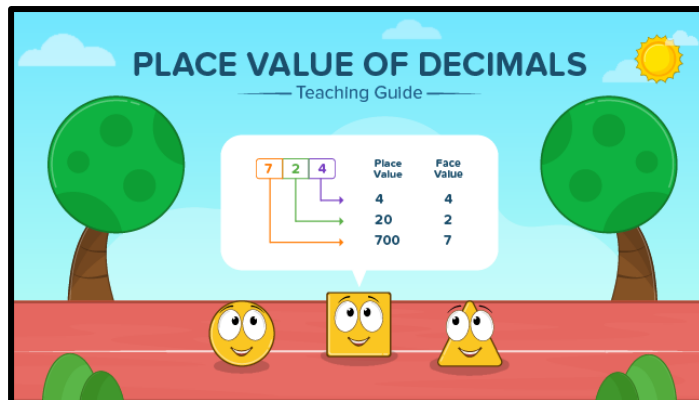
1	0	0
1 hundreds	0 ten	0 ones
Or	or	or
100	0	0

9	4	5
9 hundreds	4 tens	5 ones
Or	or	or
900	40	5

5	1	0
5 hundreds	1 tens	0 ones
Or	or	or
500	10	0

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex.3: Write the face value and place value of underlined digit:



H	T	O	Face Value	Place Value
4	<u>5</u>	6	5	50
<u>7</u>	1	2	7	700
1	5	<u>8</u>	8	8
<u>3</u>	4	8	3	300

Practice work:

H	T	O	Face Value	Place Value
3	2	<u>1</u>	1	1
<u>4</u>	7	3	4	400
1	<u>9</u>	9	9	90
<u>6</u>	4	5	6	600

TEXTBOOK PAGE: 50

Exercise 4.3

1. a. $500 + 70 + 4$ b. $200 + 9$ c. $800 + 50 + 1$ d. $100 + 10$
e. $700 + 70 + 7$ f. $300 + 90 + 5$
2. a. 153 b. 209 c. 646 d. 780
e. 346 f. 999

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex.4: Write the expanded form:

H	T	O	
4	1	7	4 hundreds + 1 ten + 7 ones = $400 + 10 + 7$
5	9	5	5 hundreds + 9 tens + 5 ones = $500 + 90 + 5$
7	0	6	7 hundreds + 0 tens + 6 ones = $700 + 00 + 6$

Practice work:

H	T	O	
2	0	8	2 hundreds + 0 tens + 8 ones = $200 + 00 + 8$
1	7	2	1 hundred + 7 tens + 2 ones = $100 + 70 + 2$
3	3	1	3 hundreds + 3 tens + 1 one = $300 + 30 + 1$

Ex.5: Write the standard form:

	H	T	O
1 hundred + 2 tens + 4 ones	1	2	4
9 hundreds + 3 tens + 0 ones	9	3	0
8 hundreds + 4 tens + 6 ones	8	4	6

Practice work:

	H	T	O
4 hundreds + 3 tens + 9 ones	4	3	9
7 hundreds + 7 tens + 4 ones	7	7	4
9 hundreds + 2 tens + 6 ones	9	2	6

Exercise 4.4

1. a. < b. > c. < d. <
 e. = f. >

2. largest smallest

- a. 214 32
 b. 761 160
 c. 354 133
 d. 725 165
 e. 190 89
 f. 587 258

3. a. 256, 390, 599, 629 b. 31, 191, 481, 719 c. 135, 223, 353, 425
 4. a. 665, 523, 332, 229 b. 967, 876, 787, 656 c. 312, 125, 100, 67

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex.6: Put sign (>), (<) and (=):

H	T	O		H	T	O
4	3	0	<	8	0	3
3	8	2	=	3	8	2
7	2	8	>	6	2	1
8	4	3	>	4	9	4

Practice work:

H	T	O		H	T	O
7	4	8	=	7	4	8
4	9	4	>	3	1	1
1	0	3	<	4	0	9
8	6	1	<	9	2	4

TEXTBOOK PAGE: 51 to 55

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex.7: Arrange the numbers in Ascending or increasing order:

1.	415	744	302	284
Ans.	284	302	415	744
2.	624	584	512	814
Ans.	512	584	624	814

Practice work:

1.	847	541	965	412
Ans.	412	541	847	965
2.	345	745	320	888
Ans.	320	345	745	888

Ex.8: Arrange the numbers in Descending or decreasing order:

1.	624	145	546	345
Ans.	624	546	345	145
2.	645	522	984	100
Ans.	984	645	522	100

Practice work:

1.	674	914	178	630
Ans.	914	674	630	178
2.	387	546	947	863
Ans.	947	863	546	387

Chapter Review

Multiple Choice Questions

1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c 5. b

Subjective Questions

- 986
- 570
- $10 \text{ tens} + 5 \text{ ones} = 100 + 5 = 105$
- 323
- 561
- 984

Ex.9: CBE (Written)

1. Which will be less?

a) Face value of 9 in 907 or place value of 2 in 672.

Ans. Face value of 9 in 907 = 9

Place value of 2 in 672 = 2

So, place value of 2 is less.

Ex.10: CBE (Observation)

2. At which place, do the face value and the place value of a digit remain the same?

Ans. The face value and the place value of a digit remain the same at ones place.

Ex.11: CBE (Oral)

Who am I?

1. I am greater than 892 but smaller than 894.

Ans. 893

2. I lie between 534 and 536.

Ans. 535

TABLE OF 3 AND 4

3	×		1	=		3
3	×		2	=		6
3	×		3	=		9
3	×		4	=	1	2
3	×		5	=	1	5
3	×		6	=	1	8
3	×		7	=	2	1
3	×		8	=	2	4
3	×		9	=	2	7
3	x	1	0	=	3	0

4	×		1	=		4
4	×		2	=		8
4	×		3	=	1	2
4	×		4	=	1	6
4	×		5	=	2	0
4	×		6	=	2	4
4	×		7	=	2	8
4	×		8	=	3	2
4	×		9	=	3	6
4	x	1	0	=	4	0

PRACTICE WORK:- Write the Tables of 3 and 4 (1 time in the N.B.)



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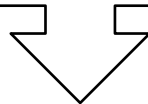
Sample Notebook

Subject:

Mathematics

Month:

June



CHAPTER - 2

Addition up to 99

TEXTBOOK PAGES: 14 and 15

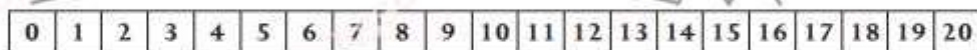
Addition Without Regrouping

Adding a 2-digit Number With a 1- digit Number

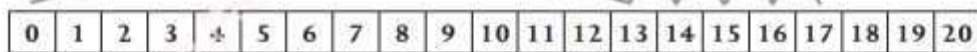
TEXTBOOK PAGES: 16 and 17

Exercise 2.1

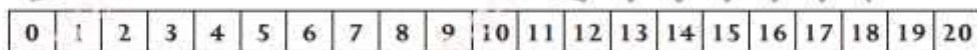
1. a. $14 + 2 = 16$



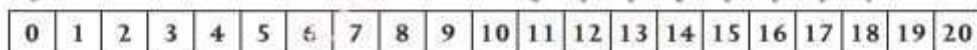
b. $13 + 4 = 17$



c. $12 + 6 = 18$



d. $11 + 7 = 18$



2. Add the following.

a.

T	O
1	2
+	3
1	5

b.

T	O
4	4
+	3
4	7

c.

T	O
2	6
+	2
2	8

d.

T	O
6	2
+	7
6	9

e.

T	O
9	3
+	5
9	8

f.

T	O
8	1
+	8
8	9

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex: 1 – Fill in the blanks

1. The result of addition is known as sum.
2. The numbers we add are called Addends.
3. When 0 is added to a number, the sum is the number itself.
4. $7 + 15 = 15 + \underline{7}$.

Ex: 2 – Add the following (Without Regrouping)

	T	O
	1	3
+		5
	1	8

	T	O
	2	0
+		3
	2	3

Practice work:

	T	O
	7	0
+		8
	7	8

	T	O
	8	3
+		5
	8	8

Adding a 2-digit Number With a 2– digit Number

T.B Page: 17

Exercise 2.2

1. Add the following.

a.

T	O
2	2
+	1 4
3	6

b.

T	O
2	4
+	2 3
4	7

c.

T	O
3	8
+	4 1
7	9

d.

T	O
6	7
+	3 2
9	9

e.

T	O
4	3
+	2 6
6	9

f.

T	O
8	1
+	1 7
9	8

NOTEBOOK WORK

**Ex: 3 – Add the following
(Without Regrouping)**

	T	O
	3	4
+	1	2
	4	6

	T	O
	4	6
+	2	2
	6	8

Practice work:

	T	O
	3	6
+	2	3
	5	9

	T	O
	8	4
+	1	5
	9	9

TEXTBOOK PAGES: 18 and 19

Addition with Regrouping

Adding a 2-digit Number With a 1– digit Number

Exercise 2.3

1. Add the following.

a.

T	O
1	9
+	2
2	1

b.

T	O
3	5
+	5
4	0

c.

T	O
2	7
+	3
3	0

d.

T	O
2	7
+	7
3	4

e.

T	O
4	6
+	5
5	1

f.

T	O
7	7
+	7
8	4

NOTEBOOK WORK

**Ex: 4 – Add the following
(With Regrouping)**

	T	O
	1	
+	4	3
		8
	5	1

	T	O
	1	
+	2	5
		8
	3	3


Practice work:

	T	O
	1	
	7	3
+		7
	8	0

	T	O
	1	
	6	1
+		9
	7	0

Adding a 2-digit Number With a 2– digit Number

TEXTBOOK PAGES: 20 and 21



Exercise 2.4

1. Add.

a.

T	O
2	4
+	1
4	1

b.

T	O
4	2
+	3
8	0

c.

T	O
5	4
+	2
8	0

d.

T	O
5	1
+	3
9	0

e.

T	O
6	9
+	2
9	0

f.

T	O
7	3
+	1
9	0

NOTEBOOK WORK

**Ex: 5 – Add the following
(With Regrouping)**

	T	O
	1	
	4	3
+	3	8
	8	1

	T	O
	1	
	4	4
+	2	9
	7	3

Practice work:

	T	O
	1	
	6	4
+	1	7
	8	1

	T	O
	1	
	1	4
+	5	7
	7	1

Addition of Three Numbers (Without Regrouping)

TEXTBOOK PAGES: 21, 22

Exercise 2.5

1. Colour the boxes having the correct answer.

a.
$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 2 \\ + 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 b.
$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 4 \\ + 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 c.
$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 1 \\ + 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 d.
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 2 \\ + 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 e.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 1 \\ + 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 f.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 5 \\ + 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2. Add the following.

a.

T	O
2	1
3	2
+	2
7	6

b.

T	O
4	6
3	2
+	2
9	9

c.

T	O
6	5
2	3
+	1
9	9

d.

T	O
2	5
3	2
+	4
9	9

e.

T	O
6	7
1	1
+	1
8	8

f.

T	O
4	4
3	3
+	1
8	9

Addition of Three Numbers (With Regrouping)

TEXTBOOK PAGES: 23, 25

Exercise 2.6

1. Arrange the numbers in the correct columns and add.

a. $7 + 6 + 4$

T	O
	7
	6
	4
1	7

b. $3 + 4 + 6$

T	O
	3
	4
	6
1	3

c. $8 + 4 + 6$

T	O
	8
	4
	6
1	8

d. $4 + 2 + 7$

T	O
	4
	2
	7
1	3

e. $8 + 9 + 0$

T	O
	8
	9
	0
1	7

f. $5 + 5 + 5$

T	O
	5
	5
	5
1	5

2. Solve.

a.

T	O
5	1
2	3
1	7
9	1

b.

T	O
4	5
1	2
2	4
8	1

c.

T	O
3	4
3	6
1	5
8	5

d.

T	O
2	7
3	2
3	6
9	5

e.

T	O
3	8
3	1
1	1
8	0

f.

T	O
2	5
1	6
4	5
8	6

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex.6: Story Sums

1. In a class, there are 13 boys and 16 girls. How many students are there in total?

Solution:	T	O
Number of boys	1	3
Number of girls	1	6
Total	2	9

Ans: There are 29 students in all.

2. Last Saturday, Marie sold 4 magazines, 2 newspapers and 5 books.
What is the total number of items she sold?

Solution:	T	O
Number of magazines	1	4
Number of newspapers		2
Number of books +		5
Total items sold	1	1

Ans: Marie sold **11** items in all.

TEXTBOOK PAGE: 27

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex.7: CBE (Written)

1. What is the sum of all the even numbers from 1 to 5?

Ans: $2+4=$ 6.

2. 10 less than 25 is 15.

3. $29+0=$ 29

4. $2+3 \leq 8+2$

Ex.8: CBE (Observation)

1. Compare the following ($<$, $>$, $=$).

a. $12 + 32 \equiv 32 + 12$

b. $30 + 10 \leq 60 + 10$

2. Count and add the number of doors and windows in your house?

Scrap Book Activity:



Additional activity done in class:

Addition using addition machine and flash cards



An "addition machine" game is a way to make learning addition fun and interactive. It often involves visually representing addition equations by using manipulatives (like counters or balls) that move through a structure to visually demonstrate the sum.

How to play ➡ Players put a certain number of counters into one hole, then another number of counters into a second hole. They then count the total number of counters at the other end of the tube to find the sum.

Outcomes ➡ **Concrete understanding:** It helps children grasp the concept of addition in a concrete, visual way.

Engaging and fun: It makes learning addition more interactive and enjoyable.

Supports different learning styles: It can be adapted to suit different learning styles, such as visual, kinesthetic, or auditory.



Delhi Public School, Gandhinagar
Academic Session (2025-26)

Class II

Sample Notebook

Subject:

Mathematics

Month:

April & May

Lesson: 1:- 2 – Digit Numbers

NOTEBOOK WORK

Ex:1 - Write in words :-

Classwork		
T	O	
6	5	Sixty-five
3	3	Thirty -three
2	0	Twenty
7	2	Seventy-two

Practice work		
T	O	
4	4	Forty-four
5	9	Fifty-nine
8	1	Eighty-one
9	0	Ninety

Ex:2 - Write in figures :-

Classwork		
	T	O
1) Nineteen	1	9
2) Twenty-five	2	5
3) Ninety-four	9	4

Practice work		
	T	O
1) Forty-three	4	3
2) Fourteen	1	4
3) Eighty-seven	8	7

Ex:3– Write the place value of underlined digits:-

Class work

1) <u>4</u>	1	40 or 4 tens
2) 7	<u>2</u>	2 or 2 ones
3) <u>5</u>	2	50 or 5 tens

Practice work

1) 5	<u>6</u>	6 or 6 ones
2) <u>9</u>	2	90 or 9 ten
3) <u>8</u>	1	80 or 8 tens

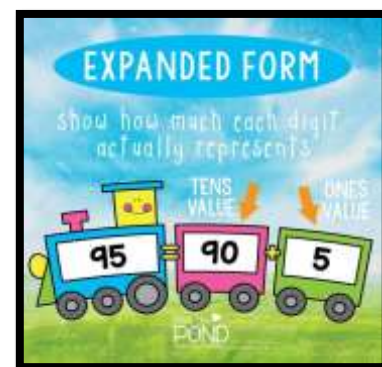
Ex:4 – Write the expanded form:-

Class work

1) 4	5	4 tens + 5 ones = 40 + 5
2) 9	3	9 tens + 3 ones = 90 + 3
3) 5	0	5 tens + 0 ones = 50 + 0

Practice work

1) 2	5	2 tens + 5 ones = 20 + 5
2) 6	9	6 tens + 9 ones = 60 + 9



Ex: 5– Write Before and After Numbers: -

1) <u>44</u>	45
2) <u>23</u>	24
3) <u>65</u>	66
4) <u>78</u>	79

1) 55	<u>56</u>
2) 98	<u>99</u>
3) 51	<u>52</u>
4) 10	<u>11</u>

Ex:6 – Write Between Numbers:-

1) 50	<u>51</u>	52
2) 22	<u>23</u>	24
3) 19	<u>20</u>	21
4) 38	<u>39</u>	40

Ex:7 – Put the sign (>), (<) and (=):-

Classwork		
1) 35	<	55
2) 88	>	44
3) 37	=	37
4) 84	>	65

Practice work		
1) 18	<	76
2) 37	<	49
3) 19	=	19
4) 69	>	61

Ex:8– Arrange the numbers in Ascending order:-

Class work				
1)	20	88	23	19
Ans.	19	20	23	88
2)	41	24	10	36
Ans.	10	24	36	41

Practice Work				
1)	64	54	46	12
Ans.	12	46	54	64
2)	95	78	93	36
Ans.	36	78	93	95

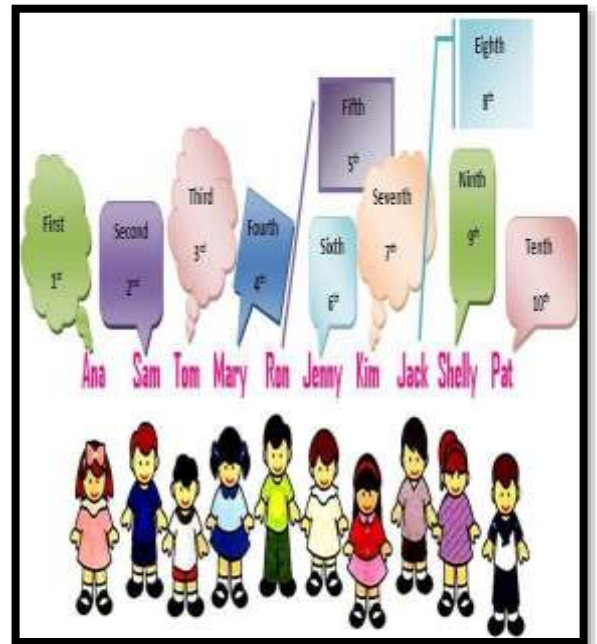
Ex: 9– Arrange the numbers in Descending order:-

Class work				
1)	23	87	16	29
Ans.	87	29	23	16
2)	13	62	86	44
Ans.	86	62	44	13

Practice Work				
1)	26	40	78	67
Ans.	78	67	40	26
2)	56	45	12	88
Ans.	88	56	45	12

Ex:10 – Write the Ordinal Numbers:-

1 st	First
2 nd	Second
3 rd	Third
4 th	Fourth
5 th	Fifth
6 th	Sixth
7 th	Seventh
8 th	Eighth
9 th	Ninth
10 th	Tenth



Ex:11 –Name the place and draw it.

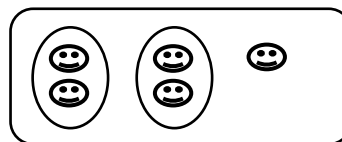
1. U is at the **Second** position.
2. H is at the **First** position.
3. T is at the **Third** position.

Ans. HUT

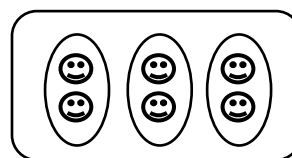


❖ Odd numbers and Even numbers:-

- 1) **Odd Numbers**- Numbers that cannot be paired are known as **odd numbers**.



- 2) **Even Numbers** –Numbers that can be paired are known as **even numbers**.



Ex:12- Write the numbers in the correct column.

11	64	20	49	32	83
----	----	----	----	----	----

Odd Numbers	Even Numbers
11	64
49	20
83	32

CBE (Written):-

Q. Who am I?

a. Smallest 2- digit number.

Ans. **10**

b. Greatest 2- digit number.

Ans. **99**

CBE (Observation):-

1 Observe your class and count the number of girls. Are they even or odd?

Ans . **Eg:** 14- Even

 13- Odd

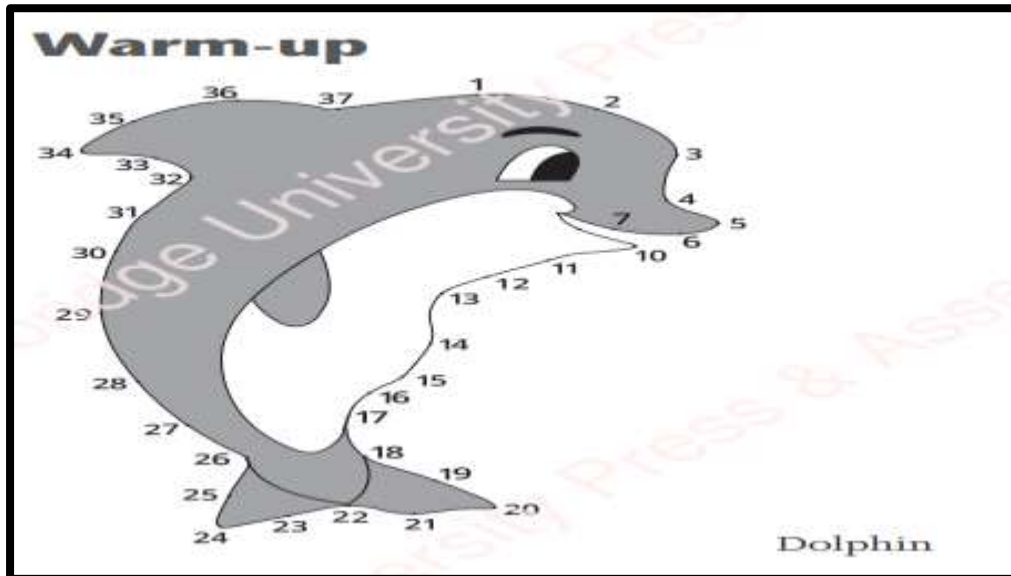
CBE (Oral):-

1. If we need to find a number after a specific number, do we count forwards and backwards?

Ans. Forward

ANSWER KEY

TEXTBOOK PAGE -1



TEXTBOOK PAGE -3

Exercise 1.1

1. a. 14 b. 44 c. 55 d. 71
e. 17 f. 66
- 2.

Column A	Column B
ent ten	90
inenyt ninety	40
venseyt seventy	10
froyt forty	70

TEXTBOOK PAGE -5

Exercise 1.2

1. Number	Place value	Face value
45	4 tens or forty	4
96	6 ones or six	6
41	1 ones or one	1
32	3 tens or thirty	3



67	7 ones or seven	7
85	5 ones or five	5

2. EXPANDED FORM	STANDARD FORM
$20 + 8$	28
$90 + 1$	91
$80 + 6$	86
$40 + 9$	49
$70 + 3$	73

3. 13

TEXTBOOK PAGE -7

1. Compare 36 and 25.

The first number has 3 tens and the second number has 2 tens.

So, 36 is greater than 25.

2. Compare 76 and 76.

The first number has 7 tens and 6 ones and the second number has 7 tens and 6 ones. So, 76 is equal to 76.

TEXTBOOK PAGE -8

Exercise 1.3

1. a. 11 b. 25 c. 26 d. 80
e. 47 f. 92
2. a. 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11
b. 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52
3. a. $2 = 2$ b. $5 < 7$ c. $16 < 11$ d. $7 = 17$
e. $3 < 1$ f. $3 = 3$ g. $20 = 10$ h. $19 > 20$
i. $5 > 5$ j. $4 > 3$ k. $9 < 12$ l. $18 > 12$
4. a. 12 38 50 61 83 99
b. 100 73 37 32 23 3

TEXTBOOK PAGE -10 Q.2 ORAL

1.

1 X	32 ✓	13 X	24 ✓	35 X	96 ✓	77 X
49 X	10 ✓	99 X	82 ✓	51 X	60 ✓	

Ordinal and Cardinal Numbers

Numbers which give us the exact position of an object are called **ordinal numbers**. Numbers that tell us how many objects there are called **cardinal numbers**.

There are 4 cars parked. Here, 4 is a cardinal number.
The green car is parked in the **second** position. Here, second (2nd) is an ordinal number.
Now, answer the following questions.

1. The red car is parked in the 3rd position.
2. The yellow car is parked in the 4th position.
3. The last car is parked in the 5th position.
4. There are two vacant positions to park the car, they are: 1st and 6th.

Scientific Proficiency Conceptual understanding ANM

At which position should my father park his car?

TEXTBOOK PAGE -13

Multiple Choice Questions

1. c

2. d

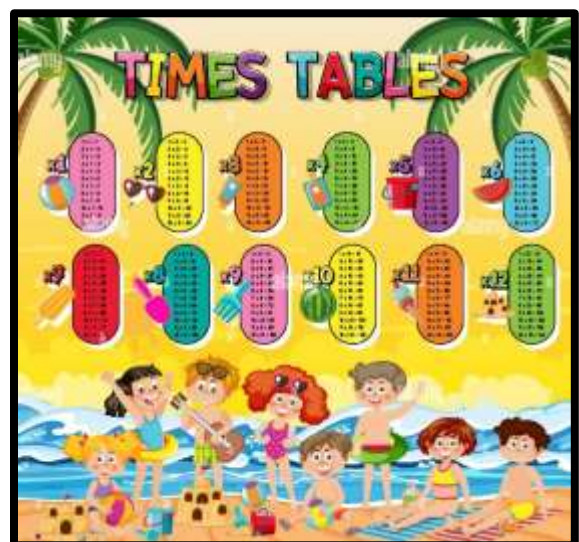
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4. a

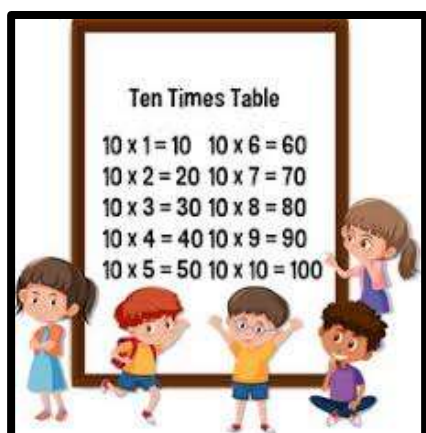
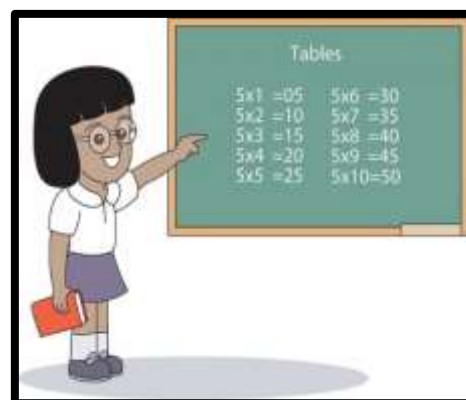
5. a

Write Table of 2, 5 and 10

2	×		1	=		2
2	×		2	=		4
2	×		3	=		6
2	×		4	=		8
2	×		5	=	1	0
2	×		6	=	1	2
2	×		7	=	1	4
2	×		8	=	1	6
2	×		9	=	1	8
2	×	1	0	=	2	0



5	×		1	=		5
5	×		2	=	1	0
5	×		3	=	1	5
5	×		4	=	2	0
5	×		5	=	2	5
5	×		6	=	3	0
5	×		7	=	3	5
5	×		8	=	4	0
5	×		9	=	4	5
5	×	1	0	=	5	0



1	0	×		1	=		1	0
1	0	×		2	=		2	0
1	0	×		3	=		3	0
1	0	×		4	=		4	0
1	0	×		5	=		5	0
1	0	×		6	=		6	0
1	0	×		7	=		7	0
1	0	×		8	=		8	0
1	0	×		9	=		9	0
1	0	×	1	0	=	1	0	0