# Delhi Public School, Gandhinagar

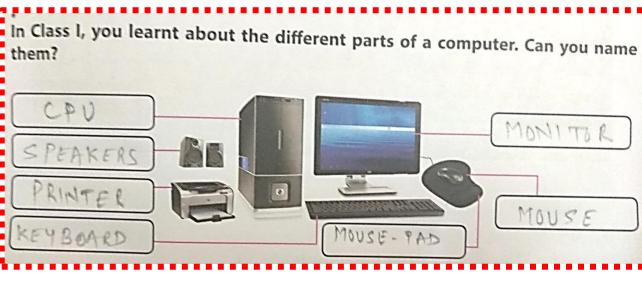
Class- II

**Computer Sample Notebook** 

L.2Parts of the Computer

## Exercises

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## Page No. 20

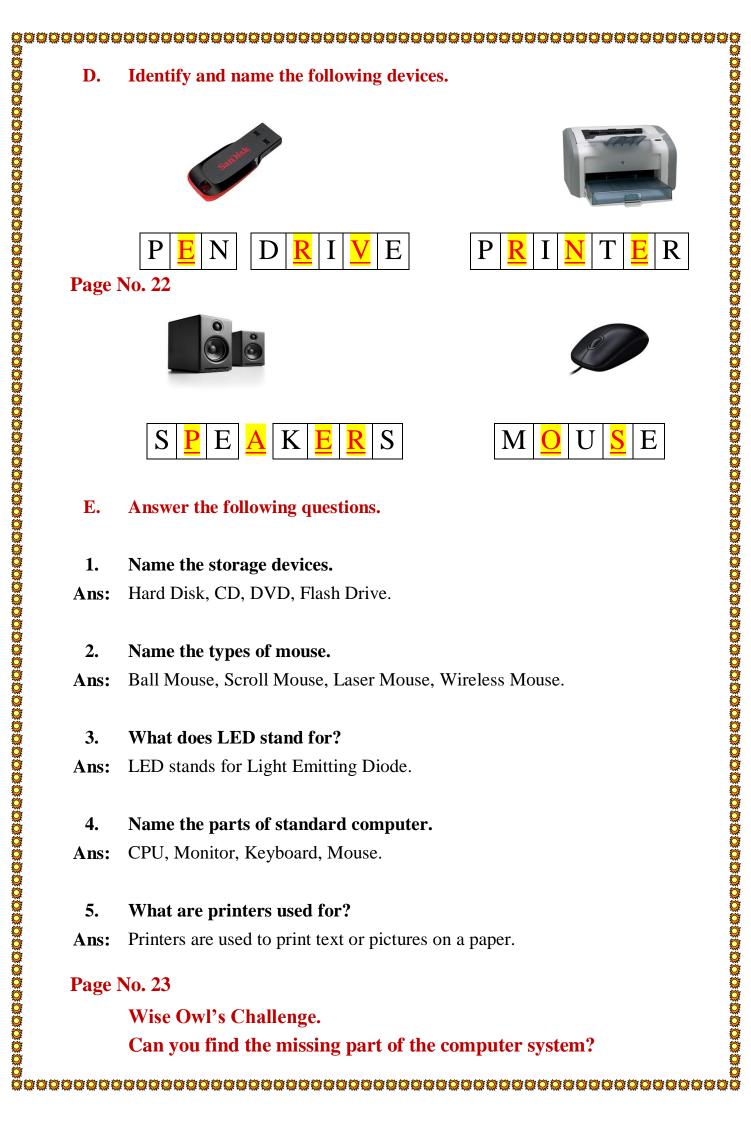
- **A.** Put a tick ( $\sqrt{}$ ) on the correct option.
- **1.** LCD Stands for :
  - a) Liquid Crystal Display√
  - b) Light Crystal Display

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- 2. CPU Stands for :
  - a) Clear Printing Unit
  - b) Central Processing Unit√

# Monitors are also known as : a) Visual Display Unit b) Working Display Unit The computer output printed on paper is called : a) Softcopy b) Hardcopy V Laser Mouse works with: a) Sun Light b) Laser Light V Fill in the blanks with the help of the words given in the bubble. (Bubble Missing in the Textbook) So Pye changed the question to: Fill in the blanks from the box given. Idevision four 104 Speaker flat There are four main parts of a computer. A monitor looks just like a television screen. LCD and LED monitors have a flat screen. A standard keyboard has 104 keys. Speaker helps us to listen to sound stored in a computer. Monitors are used to listen to music. Fill A Keyboard has 102 keys. Monitors are used to listen to music. A Monitor is used to view the output. A pen drive is a printing device. Speaker is for listening music.

1.	A Keyboard has 102 keys.	$\mathbf{F}$
2.	Monitors are used to listen to music.	<u>F</u>
3.	A Monitor is used to view the output.	<u>T</u>
4.	A pen drive is a printing device.	<u>F</u>
5.	Speaker is for listening music.	<u>T</u>



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# Delhi Public School, Gandhinagar

# Class- II

## **Computer Sample Notebook**

## L.1 Computer Basics

# Exercises





## Page No. 12

- **A.** Put a tick  $(\sqrt{})$  on the correct option.
- 1. Computer works on: a) Petrol
  - b) Electricity ( $\sqrt{}$ )
- The first counting machine was:
   a) Pascaline
  - a) Pascaline
  - b) Abacus  $(\sqrt{})$
- **3.** The computer which is kept on a table is called :
  - a) Desktop  $(\sqrt{})$
  - b) Tab

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## **B.** Write T for true and F for false statements.

1.	Computer is a machine that runs on water.	F
2.	Blaise Pascal invented a machine which he called Pascaline.	T
3.	At first, the computers were not used for doing calculations.	<u>F</u>
4.	In banks, Computers are used to play computer games.	<u>F</u>

- 5. Computer never makes mistakes.
- 6. Pascaline was not the first computer devices.

#### C. Write any 2 uses of computers in the following places.

#### 1. At Home:

Ans: Play games and draw pictures.

#### 2. At Bank:

Ans: To keep customer's details and accounts details.

#### 3. At Airports:

Ans: Booking tickets and details of passengers.

#### **D.** Circle (O) the correct word to complete the sentences.

1. A desktop is a **k**eavy light computer.

At airport, computers are used for playing games / celling tickets.

- 2.
- **3.** At schools / railway stations, computers are used by children to study.
- 4. Computers have (arge )/ small memory as compared to human beings.

#### E. Fill in the missing letters.

- 1. Blaise Pascal invented a machine called  $P \underline{A S C A} L \underline{I N E}$
- In Banks, computers are used to keep C USTO M ER 'S
   R ECORD S.
- 3. At first, the computers were only used for doing C  $\underline{A} \perp \underline{C} \cup \underline{L} A \top \underline{I} O$  N  $\underline{S}$ .
- 4. We can draw  $P \underline{I C} T \underline{U R E} S$  on the computer.